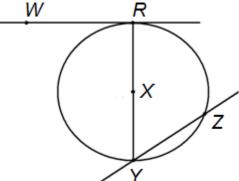
ANSWERS

<u>DIRECTIONS</u>: For #1-6, write a segment, line, ray, or point from this circle which matches the words. (Only one answer is necessary - more than one are listed)

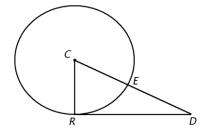
- **1.** A chord
- \overline{YZ} , \overline{RY} , \overline{RZ}

- 2. A diameter
- \overline{RY}
- **3.** A secant
- \overrightarrow{YZ} , \overrightarrow{RY} , \overrightarrow{RZ} , & more
- **4.** A radius
- \overline{XR} , \overline{XY} , \overline{XZ}
- **5.** A point of tangency
- **6.** A tangent
- \overrightarrow{RW} , \overrightarrow{RW} , \overrightarrow{RW}



DIRECTIONS: For #7-26, solve the problems (use radicals when necessary). It will help to write in the diagrams (or make your own when none are provided).

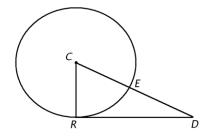
- 7. What is the diameter of a circle with a radius of 18?
- **8.** What is the radius of a circle with a diameter of 28? 14
- **9.** \overline{RD} is tangent to circle C at R, $m \angle RCE = 60^{\circ}$, and RC = 22. Find RD and DE.



 $RD = 22\sqrt{3}$

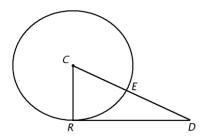
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- DE = 22
- **10.** \overline{RD} is tangent to circle C at R, RD=24, and CD=25. Find RC.



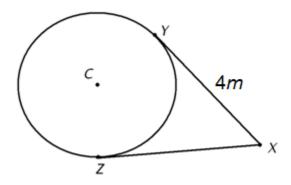
$$RC = 7$$

11. \overline{RD} is tangent to circle C at R, DE=8, and CE=6. Find RD.



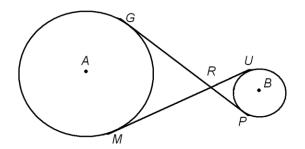
$$RD = 4\sqrt{10}$$

12. \overline{XY} is tangent to circle C at Y, \overline{XZ} is tangent to circle C at Z, and XZ=48. Solve for M.



$$m = 12$$

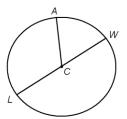
13. \overline{GP} and \overline{MU} are common internal tangents of circle A and circle B, GR=14 and RU=5. Find GP and MU.



$$GP = 19$$

$$MU = 19$$

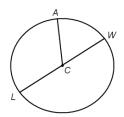
14. In circle C, $m \not= WCA = 60^\circ$. Find \widehat{mAW} and \widehat{mLA} .



$$\widehat{MAW} = 60^{\circ}$$

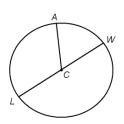
$$mLA = 120^{\circ}$$

15. In circle C, $\widehat{mAW} = 63^{\circ}$. Find $\angle WCA$.



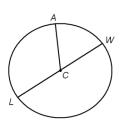
 $m \not\preceq WCA = 63^{\circ}$

16. In circle C, $m \not\sim LCA = 100^\circ$. Find $m \ AWL$.



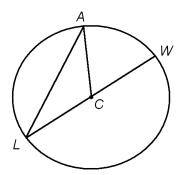
 $\widehat{mAWL} = 260^{\circ}$

17. In circle C, m $\widehat{WLA} = 293^{\circ}$. Find $\angle LCA$.



 $m \not\perp LCA = 113^{\circ}$

- 18. At 3 o'clock, the hands of a clock form an angle of what size (in degrees)? 90°
- **19.** In circle C, $m \not\perp LAC = 39^\circ$. Find $m \not\perp ALC$, $m \not\perp ACW$, and $m \mid AW \mid$.

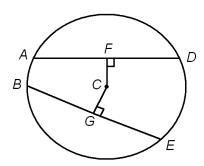


m₄ALC = **39°**

 $m \not ACW = 78^{\circ}$

 $mAW = 78^{\circ}$

20. In circle C, CF = 7, CG = 7, and BG = 19. Find AD and GE.

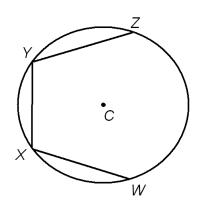


$$AD = 38$$

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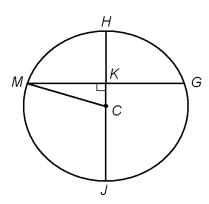
$$GE = 19$$

21. In circle C, YZ=8, XW=8, XY=8, and $\overrightarrow{mWZ}=162^\circ$. Find \overrightarrow{mYZ} .



$$mYZ = 66^{\circ}$$

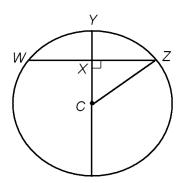
22. In circle C, KC=3 and JC=5. Find MK and KG.



$$MK = 4$$

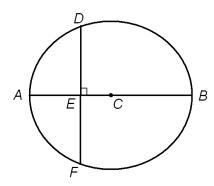
$$KG = 4$$

23. In circle C, XZ = 8 and CZ = 10. Find XY.



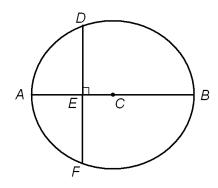
XY = 4

24. In circle C, $m \stackrel{\frown}{ABF} = 320^{\circ}$. Find $m \stackrel{\frown}{DF}$.



 $mDF = 80^{\circ}$

25. In circle C, AB = 24 and DF = 20. Find CE.



 $CE = 2\sqrt{11}$

26. Find the length of a chord that is 4 cm from the center of a circle with a radius of 6 cm.

Length of chord = $4\sqrt{5}$ cm